

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Valve Regulated Lead-Acid Rechargeable battery

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SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Valve Regulated Lead-Acid Rechargeable battery Company: B.B. TECH(CHANGSHA) CO., LTD. Address: No.57 DongsiRoad, Changsha National Economic & Technical Development Zone, Changsha, Hunan PRC E-mail: maggy@bb-battery.com Tel: +86-731-82955888 Fax: +86-731-82955111 US Office: B&B Battery USA, Inc.

Address: 6415 Randolph Street, Commerce, CA 90040 Tel: 323-278-1900 Fax: 323-278-1268

SECTION 2: INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product name: Valve Regulated Lead-Acid Rechargeable battery

Ingredient	CAS No.		Concentration	Hazardous Label
Inorganic Lead/Lead Compounds	7439-92-1		~ 72%	Т
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9		~ 20%	С
Fiberglass Separator	65997-17-3		~ 2%	/
Container Plastic (ABS or PP or PPE/PS)	9003-56-9 (ABS)			/
	9003-07-0 (PP)			/
	25134-01-4		~ 5%	/
	9003-55-8	(PPE/ PS)		/
	9003-53-6			/

Composition comments: All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazards Identification: The battery has passed the vibration test, pressure differential test and leakage test at 55℃ according to Recommendations on the TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Model Regulation SPECIAL PROVISION 238. It is not restricted to IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation (DGR) 62th according to special provision A67 and is not restricted to IMDG CODE according to special provision 238.

Emergency Overview: The internal battery materials may cause severe irritation to eyes and skin. Causes burns.

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Skin Exposure: If the internal battery materials of an opened battery cell come into contact with the skin, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Eye Exposure: In case of contact the electrolyte contained inside the battery with eyes, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation Exposure: If potential for exposure to mist or dusts occurs, remove immediately to fresh air and seek medical attention.

Oral Exposure: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: Treat symptomatically. General information: Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Suitable: Dry chemical, Sandy soil, Carbon dioxide or appropriate foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: In the event that a battery is ruptured and the internal components are exposed, DO NOT USE WATER. Do not use carbon dioxide directly on cells.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Batteries evolve flammable hydrogen gas during charging and may increase fire risk. Containers may explode when heated.

Firefighting:

Protective Equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

Specific hazards: Emit toxic fumes under fire conditions.

General fire hazards: Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when exposed to excessive

heat; this could result in the release of corrosive and flammable materials.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

If batteries show signs of leaking, avoid skin or eyes contact with the material leaking form the battery. Use chemical resistant rubber gloves and non-flammable absorbent materials for clean up. Mix with inert material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite) and transfer to sealed container for disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Keep away from ignition sources, heat and flame. Such batteries must be packed in inner packages in such a manner as to effectively prevent short circuits and to prevent movement which could lead to short circuits. Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse and overcharge. More than a momentary short circuit will generally reduce the battery service life. Avoid reversing battery polarity within the battery assembly.

In case of a battery unintentionally be crushed, acid resistant gloves must be used to handle all battery components. Avoid contact with eyes, skin. Avoid inhalation. No smoking at working site. Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidant, Combustible materials and Corrosives

Storage:

Store in a cool; well-ventilated area. Keep away form ignition sources, heat and flame. Such batteries must be packed in inner packages in such a manner as to effectively prevent short circuits and to prevent movement which could lead to short circuits. Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidant, Combustible materials and Corrosives.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PPE

Components	Туре	Value	
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Co	ontaminants (29 (CFR 1910.1000)	
Components	Туре	Value	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	PEL	1 mg/m ³	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
Sulphuric acid (CAS7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m ³	Thoracic fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemic			
Components	Туре	Value	
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
(CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	
ogical limit values: No biological exp ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices	oosure limits note	d for the ingredient(s).
Components Value	Determinant	Specimen Sa	ampling Time

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Engineering Controls: Use ventilation equipment if available. Safety shower and eye bath.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Respiratory: Wear government approved air-purifying respirator if needed.

Eye: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing.

Hand: Wear chemical resistant gloves

Thermal hazards: When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

Other Protect: No smoking, drinking and eating at working site. Wash thoroughly after handing. Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Sulfuric acid, gelatinous. Lead, solid.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	< 1
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	235 - 240 °F (112.78 - 115.56 °C) (Sulfuric acid)
Flash point	Below room temperature (as hydrogen gas).
Evaporation rate	< 1 (n-BuAc=1)
Flammability (solid, gas):	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit – lower	4 % (Hydrogen)
(%)	
Flammability limit - upper	74 % (Hydrogen)
(%)	
Vapor pressure	10 mm Hg
Vapor density	> 1 (Air=1)
Relative density	1.27 - 1.33
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	100 % (Sulfuric acid)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity Not available.	
Other information:	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Incompatible materials: Strong bases. Combustible organic materials. Reducing agents. Finely divided metals. Strong oxidizers. Water.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid exposure to heat and open flame, Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse and overcharge. Prevent short circuits. Prevent movement which could lead to short circuits.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Sulfur dioxide. Sulfur trioxide. Carbon monoxide. Sulfuric acid. Hydrogen

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure:

Inhalation	Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe skin burns.
Eye contact	Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes serious eye damage.
Ingestion	Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms Related to the	physical, Exposi	ure to contents of an open or damaged battery:	
chemical and toxicological	I characteristics Dust m	ay irritate the eyes and the respiratory system.	
Information on toxicolog	ical effects:		
		amaged battery: Harmful if inhaled or swallowed.	
Components	Species	Test Results	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664	-93-9):		
Acute			
Oral LD50	Rat	2140 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation		an open or damaged battery:	
Okin conosion/initiation	Causes severe skin burr		
Serious eye damage/eye	Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery:		
irritation	Causes serious eye damage.		
Respiratory or skin sensiti	zation:		
Respiratory sensitization	No data available.		
Skin sensitization	No data available.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.		
Carcinogenicity			
	classified "strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid"		
	as a known human carcinogen, (IARC category 1). This classification applies only to mists containing sulfuric acid and		
	not to sulfuric acid or sul	-	
IARC Monographs, Ove	erall Evaluation of Carcinog		
• •	unds (CAS 7439-92-1)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7		1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
NTP Report on Carcino	gens		
Lead and lead compo	unds (CAS 7439-92-1)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human	
		Carcinogen.	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7		Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
Not regulated.	ulated Substances (29 CF	R 1910.1001-1053)	
•	Nono undor normal corre	litional Exposure to contents of an ener	
Reproductive toxicity:		litions. Exposure to contents of an open	
Specific target organ	or damaged battery: May damage fertility or the unborn child. None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of toxicity-single		
toxicity-single exposure:	an open or damaged battery: Causes damage to organs exposure		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(respiratory system).		
Specific target organ	None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or		
toxicity – repeated	damaged battery: Causes damage to organs through prolonged		
exposure:	or repeated exposure: Respiratory system.		
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.		
chronic effects:	•	an open or damaged battery: Heavy lead	
		entral nervous system damage,	
	encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming (hematopoietic)		
		on of sulfuric acid mist may increase the risk of	
	lung cancer.		

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Components	Species	Test Results	
Lead and lead compounds	s (CAS 7439-92-1)		
LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson tro (Oncorhynhus mykiss)	out 1.17 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Persistence and degradabilit	Persistence and degradability: The degradation half-life of the product is not known. Lea its compounds are highly persistent in water.		
Bioaccumulative potential:	Bioaccumulation of lead occurs in aquatic and terrestrial anima and plants, but very little bioaccumulation occurs through the for chain.		
Mobility in soil:	If the product enters soil, be mobile and may contamir	one or more constituents will or may nate groundwater.	
Mobility in general: Other adverse effects:		vater and will spread on water surfaces	

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Appropriate Method of Disposal of substance:

Lead-acid batteries are completely recyclable. Return whole scrap batteries to distributor, manufacturer or lead smelter for recycling. For neutralized spills, place residue in acid-resistant containers with sorbent material, sand or earth and dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations for acid and lead compounds. Contact local and/or state environmental officials regarding disposal information.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

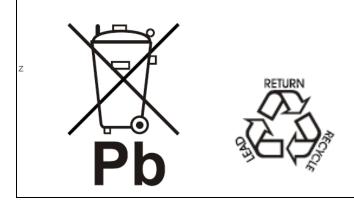
We hereby certify that all B.B. Valve Regulated Lead-acid Rechargeable batteries conform to the UN2800 classification as "Batteries, wet, Non-Spillable, and electric storage" as a result of passing the Vibration and Pressure Differential Test described in D.O.T., 49 CFR 173.159(a), and IMO/IMDG, and ICAO/IATA packing instruction 872 and note A48, A67, A164 and A183. The batteries are not restricted to IMO/IMDG code according to special provision 238.

B.B. Batteries having met the related conditions are EXEMPT from hazardous goods regulations for the purpose of transportation by DOT, and IATA/ICAO, and therefore are unrestricted for transportation by any means, including air transport. For all modes of transportation, each battery outer package is labeled "NON-SPILLABLE". All our Batteries are marked non-spillable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Regulation:

In accordance with EU2013/56/EU Battery Directive, VRLA batteries should present crossed-out wheeled bin symbol of lead together with the ISO recycling symbol. Does not contain any mercury (Hg<0.0005%) or cadmium (Cd<0.002%).



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Products such as Batteries are not in the scope of regulation which requires the publication of an EU Safety Data Sheet (91/155/EEC).